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Uniform results for Serre's Theorem for elliptic curves

Let E be an elliptic curve defined over Q. For a rational prime q, let ρ_q be the mod q Galois representation of E. A classical result of Serre, proven in 1972, asserts that if E is without complex multiplication, then there exists a constant C(E) > 0 such that ρ_q is surjective for any q > C(E). Serre asked whether the constant C(E) is absolute (*i.e.*, it does not depend on E). In my presentation I will discuss function field and one-parameter average analogues of Serre's question.

This is joint work with Chris Hall (Univ. of Texas at Austin).