## GAYEE PARK, UQAM

Generalized parking function
The "classical" parking functions of length $n$ is counted by the formula $(n+1)^{n-1}$. They corresponds bijectively to the standard Young tableaux (SYT) of skew-shape $\alpha+1^{n} / \alpha$, where $\alpha$ is any partition under $\lambda=(n-1, \ldots, 2,1)$. There is a natural symmetric group action on these parking functions, where the orbit is counted by the Catalan number $1 /\left(\begin{array}{l}n+1\end{array}\right)\binom{2 n}{n}$. The Frobenius character of this action over all SYT of shape $\alpha+1^{n} / \alpha$ is given by the skew Schur function $s_{\left(\alpha+1^{n} / \alpha\right)}(\mathbf{x})$. In this talk we generalize this notion to any partition $\lambda$ and study the combinatorics of the generalized parking function by relating them to non-crossing lattice paths. This is a joint work with François Bergeron and Yan Lanciault.

