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## On the Quadratic Divisor Problem

Let $d(n)=\sum_{d \mid n} 1$ denote the divisor function. It counts the number of divisors of an integer. Consider the following shifted convolution sum

$$
\sum_{a n-m=h} d(n) d(m) f(a n, m)
$$

where $f$ is a smooth function which is supported on $[x, 2 x] \times[x, 2 x]$ and oscillates mildly. In 1993, Duke, Friedlander, and Iwaniec proved that

$$
\sum_{a n-m=h} d(n) d(m) f(a n, m)=\text { Main term }(x)+O\left(x^{0.75+\epsilon}\right)
$$

Here, we improve the error term in the above formula to $O\left(x^{0.61}\right)$, and conditionally, under the assumption of the RamanujanPetersson conjecture, to $O\left(x^{0.5+\epsilon}\right)$. We will also present some new results on shifted convolution sums of functions coming from Fourier coefficients of modular forms.

