MINGZHONG CAI, Dartmouth College
The join property and low 2 r.e. degrees
A degree $\mathbf{d}$ has the join property if for every nonzero degree $\mathbf{b}<\mathbf{d}$, there is a degree $\mathbf{c}<\mathbf{d}$ such that $\mathbf{b} \vee \mathbf{c}=\mathbf{d}$. In this talk I will present some recent progress on this topic. In particular, an r.e. degree is low ${ }_{2}$ (i.e., its double jump equals $\mathbf{0}^{\prime \prime}$ ) if and only if there is a $\Delta_{2}^{0}$ degree above it which fails to satisfy the join property.

