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The arithmetic of modular symbols
That the geometry of modular curves has something to say about the arithmetic of cyclotomic fields has long been known. Out of the 2-dimensional Galois representation attached to a level $p$ newform congruent to an Eisenstein series modulo $p$, Ribet constructed a $p$-torsion subgroup of the class group of the $p$ th cyclotomic field $\mathbb{Q}\left(\mu_{p}\right)$. In their proof of the Iwasawa main conjecture, Mazur and Wiles similarly found the entire minus part of the $p$-part of the class group of any cyclotomic field. We conjecture a more precise relationship: the quotient by an Eisenstein ideal of the space of cusp forms of some level $N$ should be isomorphic to a cohomology group closely related to the class group of $\mathbb{Q}\left(\mu_{N}\right)$ via a very simple map $\varpi$ taking modular symbols to cup products of cyclotomic units. This map $\varpi$ has a conjectural inverse $\Upsilon$ constructed from modular representations. Fukaya and Kato have proven a major result towards this conjecture. We intend to describe both the conjecture and the best understood of many hoped for analogues, which is to say for the function field $\mathbb{F}_{q}(t)$ in place of $\mathbb{Q}$. The work on this analogue is joint with Takako Fukaya and Kazuya Kato.

