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Vanishing of L-functions in families

To many arithmetic objects M (e.g., Dirichlet and Hecke characters, elliptic curves, modular forms...), one can associate a complex-analytic function L(M, s) defined on some right half-plane $\operatorname{Re} s \gg 0$ admitting meromorphic continuation to all of C and satisfying a function equation relating the values at s and k - s for a positive integer k. The value of L(M, s) at its central point s = k/2 conjecturally encodes arithmetic information about M (e.g., sizes of certain class groups, ranks of elliptic curves). After reviewing a few results on the vanishing of certain families of Dirichlet, Hecke, and modular L-functions at their central points, we discuss some p-adic analogues and their relationship to the classical cases.