## **BRUCE GILLIGAN**, University of Regina, Regina, SK S4S 0A2 *Compact CR-solvmanifolds as Kaehler obstructions*

Let G be a connected, simply connected, complex, solvable Lie group,  $G_0$  a closed subgroup of G and  $\Gamma$  a discrete subgroup of  $G_0$  such that  $G_0/\Gamma$  is compact. We characterize when  $G_0/\Gamma$  admits a CR-embedding into a Kähler manifold in terms of conditions on the Lie algebra  $\mathfrak{g}_0$  of  $G_0$ . For G nilpotent it was known that this is equivalent to the existence of a Lie algebra splitting  $\mathfrak{g}_0 = \mathfrak{a}_0 \oplus \mathfrak{m}$ , where the maximal complex ideal  $\mathfrak{m} := \mathfrak{g}_0 \cap i\mathfrak{g}_0$  is abelian and  $\mathfrak{a}_0 \cap i\mathfrak{a}_0 = 0$ . For G solvable things are more complicated. We use the fibration  $G/\Gamma \to G/N \cdot \Gamma$  and its restriction to  $G_0/\Gamma$  to analyze the situation, where N denotes the nilradical of G. The essential condition is on the adjoint representation of  $\mathfrak{g}_0$  on  $\mathfrak{m}$ ; it must have purely imaginary spectrum and be diagonalizable. Examples will be presented that illustrate the theory.

This is joint work with Prof. Karl Oeljeklaus, l'Université de Provence, Marseille, France.