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*Applications of quasi-symmetric functions and noncommutative symmetric functions in permutation enumeration*

The descent set of a sequence  $a_1 a_2 \cdots a_n$  of integers is the set  $\{i \mid a_i > a_{i+1}\}$ . It is known that if  $\pi$  and  $\sigma$  are sequences with no elements in common, then the multiset of descent sets of the shuffles of  $\pi$  and  $\sigma$  depends only the descent sets of  $\pi$  and  $\sigma$ . This result gives an algebra of descent sets, which is isomorphic to the algebra of quasi-symmetric functions. The descent number of a sequence is the cardinality of the descent set. The descent number and several other statistics related to descents have the same shuffle-compatibility property as the descent set. They correspond to certain quotients of the algebra of quasi-symmetric functions, and thus to sub-coalgebras of the dual coalgebra of noncommutative symmetric functions.