JEFF ADLER, American University *Regular Bernstein blocks*

Let G be a connected reductive group over a nonarchimedean local field F. The Bernstein decomposition expresses the category of smooth, complex representations of G(F) as a product of full subcategories, called Bernstein blocks, containing representations that all have the same depth. One hopes that, in some generality, a positive-depth Bernstein block for G(F) will be equivalent to a depth-zero Bernstein block for $G^0(F)$, where G^0 is some twisted Levi F-subgroup of G. I will outline some cases where the hope is realized. This is joint work with Manish Mishra.