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Regularity results for solutions to some classes of nonlinear elliptic equations

We deal with the regularity of a solution of the Dirichlet problem associated to the singular equation

$$-\operatorname{div}(a(x)Du) + M \frac{|Du|^2}{u^\theta} = f(x) \quad \text{in } \Omega \quad (1)$$

where Ω is an open bounded subset of \mathbb{R}^N ($N \geq 3$) with smooth boundary, $a(x)$ is a L^∞ -matrix satisfying the standard ellipticity condition, $\theta \in]0, 1[$, M is a positive constant and f is sufficiently regular i.e. it belongs to a suitable Morrey space. Namely, we assume that the right-hand side f belong to the Morrey space $L^{m,\lambda}(\Omega)$ with

$$1 \leq m \leq \frac{2N}{2N - \theta(N - 2)} \quad \text{and} \quad 0 < \lambda < N - 2$$

so that our right-hand side doesn't belong to the natural dual space or it is "nearly" a measure ($m = 1$).

We will be concerned with the regularity of the gradient of a solution in Morrey spaces in correspondence with the Morrey properties of the right-hand side of the equation (1).