## DIMITRIS KOUKOULOPOULOS, Centre de Recherches Mathematiques

When the sieve works

Let  $\mathcal{P}$  be a set of prime numbers. A basic question in sieve methods is to understand how many integers up to x are composed of prime factors solely from the set  $\mathcal{P}$ . A standard probabilistic heuristic predicts that this number is about  $x \prod_{\substack{p \in \mathcal{P}^c \\ p \leq x}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{p}\right)$ . We show that this is true if the set  $\mathcal{P}$  contains enough prime factors between  $x^{1/u}$  and x, for some fixed u. This is joint work

with Andrew Granville and Kaisa Matomaki.