**JUAN CUADRA**, Universidad de Almeria, Dpto. Algebra y Analisis Matematico, 04120 Almeria, Spain Computing the Brauer group of certain quasi-triangular Hopf algebras

In this talk we will attain a deeper understanding of recent computations of the Brauer group of some quasi-triangular Hopf algebras by explaining why a direct product decomposition for this group holds and describing one of the factors occurring in it. For a Hopf algebra B in a braided monoidal category C, and under certain assumptions on the braiding (fulfilled if C is symmetric), we will show that:

- (1) The Brauer group  $BM(\mathcal{C}; B)$  of *B*-module algebras is isomorphic to  $Br(\mathcal{C}) \times Gal(\mathcal{C}; B)$ , where  $Br(\mathcal{C})$  is the Brauer group of  $\mathcal{C}$  and  $Gal(\mathcal{C}; B)$  the group of *B*-Galois objects;
- (2) BM(C; B) contains a subgroup isomorphic to Br(C)×H<sup>2</sup>(C; B, I), where H<sup>2</sup>(C; B, I) is the second Sweedler cohomology group of B with values in the unit object I of C.

These results will be applied to the Brauer group of a quasi-triangular Hopf algebra that is a Radford biproduct  $B \times H$ , where H is a usual Hopf algebra over a field, the Hopf subalgebra generated by the quasi-triangular structure  $\mathcal{R}$  is contained in H and B is a Hopf algebra in the category  ${}_{H}\mathcal{M}$  of left H-modules.

The results presented in this talk are part of a joint work with Bojana Femić (arXiv:0809.2517).