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Some uniqueness results for the motion by mean curvature of entire graphs

In 1991, Ecker and Huisken proved that, for any locally Lipschitz continuous initial data $u_0 \colon \mathbb{R}^n \to \mathbb{R}$, there exists a smooth solution (for t > 0) to the mean curvature equation for graphs

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \Delta u + \frac{\langle D^2 u D u, D u \rangle}{1 + |D u|^2} &= 0 \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n \times (0, \infty), \\ u(x, 0) &= u_0(x) \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n. \end{split}$$

We are concerned with the issue of uniqueness. In the existence result, the intriguing point is that no assumption is made on the growth of u_0 at infinity and therefore the solution u itself can have an arbitrary growth. We use different approaches including geometrical and analytical tools to provide uniqueness results in the following cases:

- (i) when u_0 is convex (or more generally "convex at infinity"),
- (ii) when n = 1,
- (iii) when u_0 is radial, or
- (iv) when assuming some polynomial growth conditions.

Joint works with G. Barles, S. Biton, M. Bourgoing, P. Cardaliaguet and E. Chasseigne.