MICHEL RIGO, University of Liege, Department of Mathematics, Grande Trave 12 (B37), B-4000 Liege, Belgium Abstract numeration systems, additive functions and automatic sequences

Abstract numeration systems are a natural generalization of positional numeration systems whose set of representations of all the integers is a regular language. They were introduced five years ago by P. Lecomte and myself [3] and are defined in the following way. Consider any infinite regular language L over a totally ordered alphabet (A,<). An abstract numeration system is thus simply given by the triple S=(L,A,<). The words of L can be enumerated with respect to the genealogical ordering induced by the total ordering of A. We therefore have a one-to-one correspondence between the set of nonnegative integers and the language L. We say that the (n+1)-st word of L is the S-representation of the integer n.

In this general setting, various notions arising in the study of "classical" numeration systems (p-ary system or systems built over a strictly increasing sequence of integers like the Fibonacci system) can be generalized and may give rise to new phenomena. In particular, if we consider a finite automaton with output fed with the S-representations of the successive integers, we obtain a notion of "generalized" automatic sequence or S-automatic sequence [5], [6].

In this talk, I will mainly focus on a problem related to completely additive functions defined over the alphabet A and taking real values, i.e., $f(a_1 \cdots a_k) = f(a_1) + \cdots + f(a_k)$ for any finite word $a_1 \cdots a_k$ over A. With P. Grabner, we have studied, in the framework of abstract numeration systems, as a first step the asymptotic behaviour of the summatory function of additive functions [1] and as a second step the distribution of such functions [2]. The obtained results can naturally be applied to study the frequency of a symbol appearing in a generalized automatic sequence (assuming that the frequency exists) [4].

References

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