GABOR LIPPNER, Northeastern University

Regular graphs with the most number of k-cycles.

We investigate which *d*-regular graphs have the most *k*-cycles per node, and find the answer for $k \le 6$ and large enough *d*. Besides the usual notion of cycles, we also study variants for counting closed walks and closed non-backtracking walks. It turns out that these variants are actually easier to handle, and we can determine the answer for all *k*. Joint work with Arturo Ortiz San Miguel.