SHAH ROSHAN-ZAMIR, University of Nebraska-Lincoln *Interpolation in the Weighted Projective Space*

Given a finite set of points X in the projective space over a field k one can ask for the k-vector space dimension of all degree d polynomials that vanish to order two on X. (These are polynomials whose first derivative vanishes on X.) The Alexander-Hirschowitz theorem (A-H) computes this dimension in terms of the multiplicity of the points and the k-vector space dimension of degree d monomials, with finitely many exceptions. In this talk, we investigate this question in the weighted projective line and space, $\mathbb{P}(s,t)$ and $\mathbb{P}(a,b,c)$. We define a notion of multiplicity for weighted spaces, give an example of $\mathbb{P}(a,b,c)$ where A-H holds with no exceptions and an infinite family where A-H fails for even one point, and discuss future directions.