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**ELENA GUARDO**, Università di Catania

*Expecting the unexpected: quantifying the persistence of unexpected hypersurfaces*

Let  $X$  be a reduced subscheme in  $\mathbb{P}^n$ . We say that  $X$  admits an unexpected hypersurface of degree  $d$  and multiplicity  $m$  if the imposition of having multiplicity  $m$  at a general point  $P$  fails to impose the expected number of conditions on the linear system of hypersurfaces of degree  $d$  containing  $X$ . We introduce new methods for studying unexpectedness, such as the use of generic initial ideals and partial elimination ideals to clarify when it can and when it cannot occur. We formulate a new way of quantifying unexpectedness (our AV sequence), which allows us detect the extent to which unexpectedness persists as  $d$  increases but remains constant. We also study how knowledge of the Hilbert function, together with certain geometric assumptions, can provide information about unexpected hypersurfaces.