HUGO CHAPDELAINE, Université Laval

Conditional convergence in the critical strip for lattice zeta functions associated to totally real fields

The goal of this talk is to explain how a miraculous formula of Brion, related to the enumeration of lattice points in integral convex polytopes implies the conditional convergence of certain Dirichlet series Z(s) when the complex parameter s is such that $1 - \epsilon < Re(s)$, for ϵ small enough. Note that the order of summation of the series Z(s) is defined in a geometrical way. In order to simplify the presentation we shall focus on the simplest non-trivial case namely when Z(s) is a lattice zeta function associated to a real quadratic field K. In that case one can take $\epsilon = \frac{1}{2}$.