## WILLIAM RUSHWORTH, McMaster University

Ascent sliceness

A virtual link is an equivalence class of embeddings  $\bigsqcup S^1 \hookrightarrow \Sigma_g \times I$ , up to self-diffeomorphism of  $\Sigma_g \times I$  and certain handle (de)stabilisations of  $\Sigma_g$ .

A cobordism between classical knots is a surface, properly embedded in  $S^3 \times I$ , which cobounds the knots. A cobordism between virtual knots  $K: S^1 \hookrightarrow \Sigma_g \times I$  and  $K': S^1 \hookrightarrow \Sigma_{g'} \times I$  is a pair (S, M), for M a compact oriented 3-manifold with  $\partial M = \Sigma_g \sqcup \Sigma_{g'}$ , S an oriented surface properly embedded in  $M \times I$  with  $\partial S = K \sqcup K'$ . If the genus of S is zero then (S, M) is a concordance. We may therefore ask new questions about the complexity of the 3-manifolds appearing in cobordisms between K and K'.

We outline one such question regarding the 3-manifolds appearing in concordances between virtual knots and the unknot. Roughly, given a virtual knot  $K \hookrightarrow \Sigma_g$  and concordance (S, M) from K to the unknot, place a Morse function on M; the level sets are surfaces  $\Sigma_l$ . If there exists a level set  $\Sigma_l$  such that l > g then the concordance is *ascent*. Does there exist a slice virtual knot such that every concordance between it and the unknot is ascent?