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*Geodesic flows and model theory of differential fields*

Geodesy is an old and well-established subject in mathematics. Given a smooth manifold  $S$  embedded in the Euclidean space and two points on  $S$ , the main question is to determine the shortest path (geodesic) drawn on  $S$  joining these two points.

It is well-known that all the geodesics of  $S$  satisfy the same differential equation — namely, the equation describing the movement of a particle constrained to move without friction along the manifold  $S$ . Of course, the behavior of this differential equation and of its solutions heavily depends on the geometric properties of  $S$ .

In my talk, I will state a (still incomplete) description of the model-theoretic properties of this algebraic differential equation when  $S$  is a smooth, connected and compact real-algebraic surface with negative curvature.