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The distribution of positive and negative values of Hardy's Z-function

We investigate the distribution of positive and negative values of Hardy's function

$$Z(t) = \zeta(\frac{1}{2} + it)\chi(\frac{1}{2} + it)^{-1/2},$$

where  $\chi(s)$  is the factor from the functional equation for the zeta function,

$$\zeta(s) = \chi(s)\zeta(1-s).$$

We show that as  $T \to \infty$ ,

$$\mu(I_+(T,T)) \ \gg T \qquad \text{and} \qquad \mu(I_-(T,T)) \ \gg \ T,$$

where  $\mu(\cdot)$  denotes Lebesgue measure and

$$I_{+}(T,H) = \{T < t \le T + H : Z(t) > 0\},\$$
  
$$I_{-}(T,H) = \{T < t \le T + H : Z(t) < 0\}.$$

We also show that if the Riemann hypothesis and pair correlation conjecture are true, then

$$\mu(I_+(0,T)) \ge .32909 T$$
 and  $\mu(I_-(0,T)) \ge .32909 T$ .

This is joint work with A. lvic.