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The join property and low₂ r.e. degrees

A degree ${\bf d}$ has the join property if for every nonzero degree ${\bf b}<{\bf d}$, there is a degree ${\bf c}<{\bf d}$ such that ${\bf b}\vee{\bf c}={\bf d}$. In this talk I will present some recent progress on this topic. In particular, an r.e. degree is low₂ (i.e., its double jump equals ${\bf 0}''$) if and only if there is a Δ_2^0 degree above it which fails to satisfy the join property.