
CHIH-YUN CHUANG, McGill university

Theta series of imaginary quadratic global function fields

Let L/\mathbb{Q} be an imaginary quadratic extension. For an ideal class A of L one defines the partial zeta function ζ_A . Then ζ_A can be written as $\sum r_A(n)n^{-s}$ with certain well-defined integers $r_A(n)$. The theta series $\Theta_A(z) := \sum_{n \geq 0} r_A(n) \exp(2\pi inz)$ has a

nice transformation law on certain congruence group. In this talk, we will give an analogue story in global function field with finite constant field \mathbb{F}_q of characteristic $p \neq 2$. Similarly, the Fourier coefficients of the theta series in my case are also come from the cardinality of norm form. We will see that it is an automorphic form on GL_2 .