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*The Terwilliger algebras of tournament and conference graph association schemes*

In this talk we will consider the Terwilliger algebras of association schemes  $(X, S)$  of (odd) order  $n$  and class 2 that are self-dual. If  $\{A_0 = I, A_1, A_2\}$  are the  $n \times n$  adjacency matrices of one of these association schemes, then the graphs represented by  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  are cospectral, with odd valency  $2u + 1$  in the non-symmetric doubly-regular tournament case and even valency  $2u$  in the symmetric conference graph case.

For a fixed vertex  $x \in X$ , and for  $i \in \{0, 1, 2\}$ , let  $E_i(x)$  be the  $n \times n$  diagonal matrix whose diagonal vector is equal to the  $x$ -th row of  $A_i$ . The Terwilliger algebra  $T_x(S)$  of  $(X, S)$  at the vertex  $x$  is the algebra over  $\mathbb{C}$  generated by the adjacency matrices of  $(X, S)$  together with its dual idempotents  $E_0(x)$ ,  $E_1(x)$ , and  $E_2(x)$ . We will begin by showing how the dimension and irreducible modules of  $T_x$  are determined by the spectrum of  $E_1(x)A_1E_1(x)$ .

We will then consider the question of whether or not the full list  $(T_x)_{x \in X}$  of Terwilliger algebras up to algebra isomorphism determines the association scheme  $(X, S)$  up to combinatorial isomorphism. For tournaments of order 27, the answer turns out to be NO when we consider the Terwilliger algebras over  $\mathbb{C}$  but YES when we consider the Terwilliger algebras over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . To understand the latter, we use tools from rational representation theory, namely, Schur indices and fields of character values.