ENRICO CARLINI, Politecnico di Torino *Determining the Waring rank: special cases*

The Waring rank of an homogeneous degree d polynomial $F(x_1, \ldots, x_n)$ is the minimal s such that we can write

$$F = L_1^d + \ldots + L_s^d,$$

where the L_i are linear forms. As a matter of fact, there is no effective algorithm to compute the Waring rank, rk(F), of a given polynomial. Thus we will show the few cases in which rk(F) is explicitly known. Namely, if F is a degree two form (classically known) or if F is a monomial or a sum of coprime monomials. This is based on joint work with M.V.Catalisano and A.V.Geramita.