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*Brauer pairs and terminal resolutions*

Given a quasi-projective variety  $X$  and an element  $\alpha$  in the 2-torsion part of the Brauer group of the function field of  $X$ , the pair  $(X, \alpha)$  is called a *Brauer pair*. There is a notion of *discrepancy* of a Brauer pair which is similar to the notion of discrepancy of a logarithmic pair that one encounters in Mori's minimal model program. (We will discuss this notion in the talk.) A Brauer pair is called a *terminal pair* if its discrepancy is positive.

If there is a birational morphism  $f: Y \rightarrow X$  then we can view an element  $\alpha$  in the Brauer group  $\text{Br}(k(X))$  of the function field  $k(X)$  as an element in  $\text{Br}(k(Y))$  via the isomorphism  $f^*: k(X) \rightarrow k(Y)$ . We will show that given a Brauer pair  $(X, \alpha)$  with  $X$  3-dimensional, there is a terminal pair  $(Y, \alpha)$  with a birational morphism  $f: Y \rightarrow X$ . In other words, every 3-dimensional Brauer pair admits a terminal resolution.