BALAZS SZEGEDY, University Of Toronto, 40 St. George St., Toronto, ON

A generalization of the moment problem

According to a classical theorem, the sequence a_0,a_1,a_2,\ldots is the moment sequence of a random variable if and only if the infinite matrix $A_{i,j}=a_{i+j}$ is positive semi-definite. We study a graph theoretic analogue of this theorem.

Joint work with László Lovász.