In this talk, I will discuss joint work with Annalisa Calini, describing how to generate a family of closed VFF solutions of increasing topological complexity via successive deformations of the associated Riemann surface. Beginning with a circle, we prove that every step in the deformation sequence corresponds to constructing a cable on previous filament; moreover, the knot type of the filament can be read off from the data generating the deformations.

TOM IVEY, College of Charleston, Charleston, SC, United States *Cable knot solutions of the vortex filament flow*

A naïve model of vortex filament motion in an ideal fluid leads to an integrable geometric evolution equation for curves in Euclidean 3-space known as the vortex filament flow (VFF). Solutions of the flow are related to solutions of the cubic focussing nonlinear Schrodinger (NLS) equation via the well-known Hasimoto correspondence. In particular, algebro-geometric techniques for constructing finite-gap NLS solutions can be adapted to generate VFF solutions associated to a given hyperelliptic Riemann surface.