GONZALO CONTRERAS, CIMAT, P.O. Box 402, 36.000 Guanajuato, GTO, México C^2 -densely the 2-sphere has an elliptic closed geodesic

We prove that a Riemannian metric on the 2-sphere or the projective plane can be C^2 -approximated by one whose geodesic flow has an elliptic closed geodesic. This result was conjectured by M. Herman and also partially recovers in the generic case a claim by H. Poincaré for convex surfaces. Consequences of this theorem are that there is a dense set of metrics in the 2-sphere whose geodesic flow is not ergodic and that there are no structurally stable geodesic flows on the 2-sphere. I find this a beautiful example of the use of modern dynamical systems in Riemannian geometry.